

Rider: Bibiana Magaji



With kiting, we can do a lot of things that other sports do: we can catch a wave on a surfboard, sail with a hydrofoil, hit sliders and kickers wakestyle, but there is one thing that (literally) puts us head and shoulders above all other sports, and that is the ability to jump very high. Over waves, boats and possibly the cable park and powered only by the wind. With that in mind, we were astounded to see

that Nick Jacobsen had jumped 26.7 meters. That is two meters higher than the previous record of 24.8m, held by Aaron Hadlow. Although there may have been higher jumps that have been spoken of in bars and around camp fires, with the emergence of WOO and PIQ we now have bonafide technical proof which enables us to differentiate between tall tales and reality. So, let's look at some boost philosophy...

Jumping high requires supreme kite control. You only need to look at the leaders on the WOO ladder

KITE CONTROL

to see that the top guys are all riders who have a lot of talent in other areas such as freestyle and surf, but they share one thing in common: they are 100% connected to their kites and most of them have been in the game since a time when the understanding of your kite was not a luxury, but a necessity.

We have it very easy these days: send any kite to 12 with a bit of speed and pull the bar and you will likely get yanked off the water into the air, but do it slowly without yanking the bar in and you can carry on about your business as usual as you have access to acres of depower and your kites are relatively safe.

Go back in time 15 years and that was not the case. If the kite went up, so did you... You only have to look at some crash footage from some of the early pioneers in Maui to know that there was a time when no one had quite figured it out, and they were just working it out between themselves through collective trial and error.

Following immediately on from those pioneers is a generation who got into kiting because it was an extreme sport and they wanted a challenge that came with the reward of soaring high in the air. There were still very few kite schools, and even if you did take some lessons, you inevitably finished on the water with your mates, figuring it out as you went along. To make it in this game you had to have supreme kite control. Which you never really lose. So if you see these guys kite you will appreciate their awareness and complete control. It's a pleasure to watch.





Rider: Bibiana Magaji Photo:Alexandru Baranescu

MOVING FORWARD, BUT NOT UP

Skip forward a few years and we have experienced a paradigm shift in what is considered by the media and most of the public to be a top class kiter. Whereas our heroes used to be soaring high above us, they are now spinning through the air in moves we find it hard to even comprehend, let alone aspire to emulate. For those who want to do 'tricks' on a twin tip and win kudos and praise from those on the beach, the accepted direction is firmly routed in new school freestyle.

Now don't get us wrong here, we love freestyle and powered unhooked moves as much as the next person, but we do sometimes feel that the road to kiting greatness through individual style and expression seems to have been replaced with a pre-requisite trick list of handle-pass moves. The more you can perform, the higher your perceived level as a kiter becomes. This has two negative effects on the individual. Firstly, it can lead to frustration and a negative sense of worth (especially amongst the girls for whom the challenge of passing the bar during a powered move appears tantalizing close at all times, yet often just out of reach). And secondly, this fast track route young riders take to freestyle moves means bypassing the fundamental kite control lessons that come with being hooked in and learning to use your kite to get you up in the air, keep you there, then down to earth without a bang. Plus: boosting is supreme fun!



EMBRACE THE LOOP

A lot of kiters fear the loop, as it is seen as an extreme freestyle maneuver to be attempted by only the most fearless and experienced of kiters. However, performing a powered kite loop and looping your kite are not the same thing at all...

For instance, the late loop on the edge of the window (or 'safety loop' as it is sometimes called) is a fundamental part of jumping very high and is used to ensure the final part of your landing is both smooth and contains enough forward momentum to ride away like a boss and not tea bag into the water.

Likewise, the download transition can be stylish and used as part of a trick, but it is also one of the fastest and safest ways to change direction very quickly. But time and time again on the water we see riders terrified of the looping movement of the kite and with no sense of how it can be used and controlled.

This is no fault of the rider, it is a side effect of kite school culture. Most people who take a course want to get up and riding as soon as possible, and the kite schools want happy customers and prefer to keep their equipment and clients in one piece. So there is little interest in letting someone kite-loop-body-drag themselves downwind just because it is both very fun and installs knowledge and control of the fundamentals of the loop.

